**Name:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

**Goal Sheet – Unit V, Part II – World War II**

**Objectives:**

**5.02 - Assess the significance of the war experience on global foreign and domestic policies of the 1920s and 1930s.**

**5.03 - Analyze the causes and course of World War II and evaluate it as the end of one era and the beginning of another.**

|  **Concept/Vocabulary Word**  | **Definition**  |
| --- | --- |
| Adolf Hitler(O/R – pg. 808) (B – pg 911) |  |
| Allied Powers |  |
| Appeasement  |  |
| Atlantic Charter |  |
| Axis Powers |  |
| Battle of Guadalcanal |  |
| Battle of Midway |  |
| Benito Mussolini (O/R – pg. 807) (B – pg. 910) |  |
| Blitzkrieg |  |
| D-Day |  |
| Demilitarization |  |
| Fascism |  |
| Final Solution |  |
| Franklin D. Roosevelt (O/R – pg. 806) (B – pg. 909) |   |
| Genocide |  |
| Ghettos |  |
| Kristallnacht |   |
| The Marshal Plan |  |
| Winston Churchill(O/R – pg. 823) (B – pg. 927) |  |

Essential Questions:

* In what ways could you argue that the Treaty of Versailles at the end of World War I actually caused the beginning of World War II?
* Explain the various means that Hitler and Germany used to gain control of Europe so quickly.
* What is fascism? Also, explain the ways that each dictator used fascism to gain and keep control of their respective nations.
* How was World War II similar to World War I? How was it different?